(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements
for the year ended 28 February 2022

Audited Financial Statements

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Index

	Page
General Information	2
Directors' Responsibilities and Approval	3
Directors' Report	4
Independent Auditor's Report	5 - 6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Statement of Comprehensive Income	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Statement of Cash Flows	10
Accounting Policies	11 - 12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13 - 16
Detailed Income Statement	17 - 18

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

General Information

Country of Incorporation and Domicile South Africa

Registration Number 2006/012058/08

Nature of Business and Principal Activities Connect Network NPC is a collaborative network of Non-

Profit Organisations and churches working together with

children and families at risk in the Western Cape.

Directors C Anderson

VP Stannard GM Nkomo

Registered Office 1st Floor The West Peak Building

13 Lourensford Road Somerset West

7130

Postal Address PO Box 1005

Somerset West

7129

Tax Number 9389808156

PAYE Registration number 7320764071

UIF Registration number U320764071

PBO Reference number 930031187

NPO Reference number NPO 040-987

Level of Assurance These financial statements have been audited.

Auditors Naude & Partners

1st Floor The West Peak Building

13 Lourensford Road Somerset West

7130

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Directors' Responsibilities and Approval

The directors are required to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements satisfy the financial reporting standards with regards to form and content and present fairly the statement of financial position, results of operations and business of the non-profit company, and explain the transactions and financial position of the business of the non-profit company at the end of the financial year. The annual financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied throughout the non-profit company and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the non-profit company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the directors set standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the non-profit company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the non-profit company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach.

The focus of risk management in the non-profit company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the non-profit company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the non-profit company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The going-concern basis has been adopted in preparing the financial statements. Based on forecasts and available cash resources the directors have no reason to believe that the non-profit company will not be a going concern in the foreseeable future. The financial statements support the viability of the non-profit company.

The annual financial statements have been audited by the independent auditing firm, Naude & Partners, who have been given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data, including minutes of all meetings of the members, the directors and committees of the directors. The directors believe that all representations made to the independent auditor during the audit were valid and appropriate. The external auditor's qualified audit report is presented on pages 5 to 6.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 7 to 16 which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the directors and were signed on 6-9-2022 on their behalf by:

C Anderson

VP Stannard

GM Nkoma

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Directors' Report

The directors present their report for the year ended 28 February 2022.

1. Review of financial results and activities

Main business and operations

Connect Network NPC is a collaborative network of Non-Profit Organisations and churches working together with children and families in the Western Cape. Connect Network's collaborative vision is for children and families to thrive and for communities to be transformed. Our mission is to promote the well-being of children and families at individual, family, community and societal levels through networking, capacity-building and collaborating in the four areas of health, education, psychosocial support and family economic empowerment. There were no major changes herein during the year.

The non-profit company generated a surplus after tax for the year ended 28 February 2022 of Rands30,220 (2021: Rands55,231).

The non-profit company's revenue decreased from Rands3,076,257 in the prior year to Rands2,205,131 for the year ended 28 February 2022.

Non-Profit Company cash flows from operating activities changed from an inflow of Rands79,374 in the prior year to an inflow of Rands28,155 for the year ended 28 February 2022.

2. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

3. Events after reporting date

The directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial year to the date of this report that could have a material effect on the financial position of the non-profit company.

4. Directors

The directors of the non-profit company during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

C Anderson

VP Stannard

GM Nkomo

5. Independent Auditors

Naude & Partners were the independent auditors for the year under review.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Connect Christian Network

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Connect Christian Network set out on pages 7 to 16, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 28 February 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the non-profit company as at 28 February 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As in the case with similar non-profit company's, it is not possible for the management committee to apply accounting measures to cash collections during fund raising and donations before actual recording of the collections in the accounting records. It was not possible for us to investigate collections further than those that were recorded. In these circumstances we were unable to carry out the full scope of auditing procedures, or to obtain all information and explanations we considered necessary or to satisfy ourselves that proper accounting records have been kept.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the non-profit company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Parts A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, which we obtained prior to the date of this report, the statement of Directors' Reponsibility and Approval which is expected to be made available to us after that date. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

WT Naudé - CA (SA) • I Du Toit CA (SA)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the non-profit company's
 internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the non-profit company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the non-profit company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The non-profit company has complied with the provisions of the Non Profit Organisation Act and of its Memorandum of Incorporation as it relates to financial matters.

Naude & Partners

I Du Toit

Registered Auditor

6-9-2022

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08) Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Financial Position

Figures in Rands	Notes	2022	2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	6,436	15,100
Total non-current assets	•	6,436	15,100
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	4	61,916	76,919
Cash and cash equivalents	5	524,408	496,253
Total current assets	-	586,324	573,172
Total assets	- -	592,760	588,272
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Accumulated surplus		81,243	123,446
Special reserves	6	501,969	429,546
Total equity	<u> </u>	583,212	552,992
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	9,548	35,280
Total liabilities	· _	9,548	35,280
Total equity and liabilities	_	592,760	588,272

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2022	2021
	2 205 131	3,076,257
		313,061
8		(99,040)
	•	(3,255,166)
9	17,557	35,112
10	12.663	20,119
	30,220	55,231
	·	9 (2,163,851) 9 17,557 10 12,663

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Changes in Equity

Figures in Rands	Special reserves	Accumulated surplus	Total
	1000,700	Jar pius	iotai
Balance at 1 March 2020	355,710	142,051	497,761
Changes in equity			
Surplus for the year	_	55,231	55,231
Total comprehensive income	-	55,231	55,231
Transfers between equity		00,202	33,231
Transfers from retained income	_	(73,836)	(73,836)
Transfers to special reserves	73,836	(, 5,656)	73,836
Balance at 28 February 2021	429,546	123,446	552,992
Balance at 1 March 2021	429,546	123,446	552,992
Changes in equity			
Surplus for the year	_	30,220	30,220
Total comprehensive income		30,220	30,220
Transfers between equity		•	,
Transfers from retained income	_	(72,423)	(72,423)
Transfers to special reserves	72,423	<u> </u>	72,423
Balance at 28 February 2022	501,969	81,243	583,212

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Statement of Cash Flows

Figures in Rands	Note	2022	2021
Cash flows from operations			
Cash receipts from customers		2,262,236	3,368,540
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(2,246,744)	(3,309,285)
Net cash flows from operations	-	15,492	59,255
Interest received		12,663	20,119
Net cash flows from operating activities	-	28,155	79,374
Cash flows used in investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	(17,003)
Cash flows used in investing activities	- -	_	(17,003)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	28,155	62,371
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		496,253	433,882
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	5	524,408	496,253

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Accounting Policies

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Connect Christian Network have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the non-profit company's accounting policies.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these annual financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the directors.

The non-profit company adds to the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing parts of such an item when that cost is incurred if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the non-profit company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to surplus or deficit during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Usaful life / depreciation

Asset class	rate
Fixtures and fittings	6
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	3

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains/(losses)' in the statement of comprehensive income.

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Accounting Policies

Summary of significant accounting policies continued...

2.2 Financial instruments

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the non-profit company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade and other receivables are classified as debt instruments and loan commitments at amortised cost.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Royalties are recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands

3. Property, plant and equipment				
Balances at year end and movements for the year				
	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Total
Reconciliation for the year ended 28 February 2022	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Balance at 1 March 2021				
At cost	17,373	4,275	58,865	80,513
Accumulated depreciation	(15,247)	(4,275)	(45,891)	(65,413)
Net book value	2,126	•	12,974	15,100
Movements for the year ended 28 February 2022				
Depreciation	(1,596)	-	(7,068)	(8,664)
Property, plant and equipment at end of year	530	-	5,906	6,436
Closing balance at 28 February 2022				
At cost	17,373	4,275	58,865	80,513
Accumulated depreciation	(16,843)	(4,275)	(52,959)	(74,077)
Net book value	530	(1)2.7.5)	5,906	6,436
Reconciliation for the year ended 28 February 2021 Balance at 1 March 2020				
At cost	17,373	4,275	41 960	C2 F10
Accumulated depreciation	(13,651)	4,275 (4,275)	41,862 (34,858)	63,510 (52,784)
Net book value	3,722	(4,2,3)	7,004	10,726
Movements for the year ended 28 February 2021				
Additions	_	_	17,003	17,003
Depreciation	(1,596)	_	(11,033)	(12,629)
Property, plant and equipment at the end of the year	2,126	Pi .	12,974	15,100
Closing balance at 28 February 2021				
At cost	17,373	4,275	58,865	80,513
Accumulated depreciation	(15,247)	(4,275)	(45,891)	(65,413)
Net book value	2,126		12,974	15,100

2022

2021

4. Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables comprise:

Trade receivables	61,916	75,966
Sundry debtors		953
Total current receivables	61,916	76,919

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands	2022	2021
5. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash		
Cash on hand	79	275
Balances with banks	52 4, 329	495,978
Total cash	524,408	496,253
Total cash and cash equivalents included in current		
assets	524,408	496,253
Net cash and cash equivalents	524,408	496,253
6. Special reserves		
- Child Sponsorship	69	69
- Equipped to Serve	27,859	25,020
- Quality Improvement System	11,500	16,158
- Small Grants Fund	-	47,524
- CampAfrica	100,941	130,741
- CPC Funds	669	669
- COVID Donations	9,981	831
- DGMT Database Management System	90,349	126,500
- DGMT QIS Digitisation	59,226	79,806
- VIVA Food Relief	1,375	2,228
- GBVF	200,000	-
	501,969	429,546
. Trade and other payables		
Trade and other payables comprise:		
Trade creditors	8,800	11,400
Deposits received	<u>.</u>	300
Accrued expenses	748	23,580
Total trade and other payables	9,548	35,280

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Figures in Rands	2022	2021
8.	Administrative expenses		
	Administrative expenses comprise:		
	Accounting fees	25,106	39,559
	Auditors remuneration	18,400	17,825
	Bank charges	4,813	3,113
	Computer expenses	24,197	17,530
	Telephone, internet and subscription	24,759	21,013
		97,275	99,040
9.	Surplus from operating activities		
	Surplus from operating activities includes the following separately disclosable items		
	Other operating expenses		
	Property plant and equipment		
	- depreciation	8,664	12,629
	Leases		
	- operating lease minimum lease rentals	85,577	126,022
	Other employee benefits	844,252	962,517
	Audit fees		
	Auditors remuneration	18,400	17,825
		18,400	17,825
			#7,020
0.	Finance income		
	Finance income comprises:		
	Interest received	12,663	20,119

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

Figures in Rands	2022	2021
11. Donation income		
Donation income include amongst others the following local and foreign dor	nors:	
The Community Chest of Western Cape	-	25,000
Mergon Foundation	330,000	245,000
The Sowers Trust	125,000	245,000
Protestante Kerk in Actie	684,286	458,035
The Barney II Foundation		216.909
DG Murray Trust	204,000	409,000
Innovation Edge		•
Sanlam	-	393,000
Santam		1,000,000
	100,000	50,000
Claytile (Pty) Ltd	88,750	16,500
The Rolf Stephan Nussbaum Foundation	150,000	_
Tshikululu Social Investments	220,000	

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Detailed Income Statement

Figures in Rands	2022	2021
Revenue		•
Affiliation fees	44,900	42,700
Donation income	1,491,813	1,063,092
Donation income - COVID	18,000	1,076,556
Donation income - Food Security	358,968	-
Donation income - Quality improvement systems	284,000	652,000
Donation income - Small grants	-	216,909
Donation income - The Community Chest of Western Cape	-	25,000
Event income	7,450	,
Total revenue	2,205,131	3,076,257
Gross surplus	2,205,131	3,076,257
Other income		
Consulting income	-	150,000
Interest received	12,663	20,119
Rent received	· -	1,650
Royalties	6,440	5,320
Sundry Income	29,842	138,891
Training income	37,270	17,200
Total other income	86,215	333,180

(Registration Number 2006/012058/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

Detailed Income Statement

Figures in Rands	2022	2021
Other expenses		
Accounting fees	(25,106)	/20 EE0)
Advertising & promotions	(13,465)	(39,559)
Auditors' remuneration	(18,400)	(19,290)
Bad debts	(31,450)	(17,825)
Bank charges	(4,813)	(9,575)
CampAfrica expenses	(4,013)	(3,113)
Child Protection & Advocacy expenses	(24,251)	(119,258)
Computer expenses	(24,197)	(1,155)
Consulting fees	(204,635)	(17,530)
COVID Small Grants		(169,015)
CPC Community Chest expenses	(22,625)	(1,074,526)
Data Management	(14,651)	(5,000)
Depreciation - property, plant and equipment	(8,664)	(12.620)
Employee expense - salaries	(844,252)	(12,629)
Equipped to Serve expenses	(3,600)	(962,517)
Food Security expenses	(345,813)	(3,600)
GBVF expenses	(20,000)	-
Gifts	(20,000) (7,976)	- /7 176\
KAPA Volunteers expenses	(7,970)	(7,176) (11,111)
nsurance	(12,489)	(11,111)
Lease rental on operating lease	(85,577)	(13,334)
Network Events	(14,465)	(126,022)
Office expenses	(2,406)	(7,020) (2,217)
Postage	(1,965)	(2,217) (395)
Printing and stationery	(11,080)	(14,452)
Quality Improvement Systems expenses	(437,896)	(501,619)
Refreshments	(7,229)	(4,906)
Repairs and maintenance - deductible	(700)	(4,500)
Resources	(400)	-
Small assets written off	(5,304)	<u></u>
Small Grants	(5,352)	(176,862)
Staff welfare and training	(11,056)	(5,249)
elephone Mentoring expenses	(14,609)	(-)- ·-,
elephone, internet and subscription	(24,759)	(21,013)
ravel - local	(11,941)	(8,238)
otal other expenses	(2,261,126)	(3,354,206)
Surplus for the year	30,220	55,231